

**COLOMBIA: BOGOTÁ,
THE EASTERN ANDES
& MAGDALENA
VALLEY**

FEBRUARY 2-15, 2015

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By Steve Hilty

It was a rainy morning at the little Bellavista Reserve above La Victoria. We'd gotten an early start, driven more than an hour to reach the reserve, and now sat in our bus as the rain showed little sign of abating. We eventually tried a short walk, but soon aborted this effort and decided to leave. It was a disappointment. Within the reserve four endemics can be found, as well as several other enticing species. But, sometimes a bad situation can turn into something serendipitous, and this soon proved to be the case. An unplanned bathroom stop at a road toll booth, shortly after the rain had stopped, provided us with an explosion of birds both near and far, and later in the day, on the recommendation of a friend of Herman, we visited a road that neither of us had explored. Within minutes of arrival we found a group of four endemic White-mantled Barbets and just minutes later enjoyed great views of a pair of endemic Sooty Ant-Tanagers with pink crests raised. And a couple of days later we added the Antioquia Bristle-Tyrant to our list of endemics we thought we might have missed at the Bellavista Reserve. In fact, this new road was so good that we decided to return for another afternoon visit and added many more species.

By the end of the trip we'd recorded 40 species of hummingbirds, and people that arrived a day or two early for city tours and birding around the city added two or three more—a remarkable number made possible in large part because of an explosion of feeders at several of the sites we visited. But it wasn't just about hummingbirds. There were Oilbirds, a nice selection of antbirds, more than enough flycatchers for any enthusiast, a tremendous list of tanagers including 12 species of *Tangara* tanagers, the rare Turquoise Dacnis (multiple sightings), and the lovely Black-faced (Yellow-tufted) Dacnis at two sites.

Every time I return to Colombia I learn about another new and exciting location for birding—a new lodge, a new road, an area previously inaccessible or unexplored. During the 1980s and 1990s Colombia was mired in civil unrest and foreign visitors were rare, flocking instead to neighboring Costa Rica, Panama, Ecuador, and other countries for birding and ecotourism. When birders finally were able to return to Colombia beginning about 2008, an explosion of interest followed. In the late 1980s I often said that security was so bad in Colombia that I might never be able to return. Little did I imagine the transformation that would occur.

During this short trip we visited eleven different locations and still missed one—La Florida on the edge of Bogotá—that we were unable to reach because of road construction. Habitats ranged from Magdalena Valley marshes and ranchland to tree line in the Eastern Andes and included tropical dry forest, rain forest, and cloud forest. Everywhere we traveled there were signs of heavy construction, people working, a

country at work, a varied and booming economy, and a country that is generally clean and surprisingly cognizant of conservation issues. Bogotá suffers growing pains like any large metropolitan area, but is trying numerous novel ways to ameliorate traffic congestion and smog: a private lane bus system; a proliferation of bicycle lanes; no automobiles one day a week; an odd-even license plate number system for alternate day driving; and Sunday closing of many streets to all but bicycles and foot traffic. Road signs throughout the country urge people to take care of the environment and keep the environment clean. For a country that has struggled to rid itself of crippling political and social problems, the transformation is remarkable. The statistics are undeniable—some 1,900 species of birds have been recorded here including over 70 endemics and many more species that are almost endemics. During our brief visit we recorded 40 species of hummingbirds, and two or three more were seen by those who came a day or two early for birding and cultural sites around Bogotá. A popular slogan says that the only danger in Colombia now is wanting to stay. And that just may be true.

Itinerary (major sites)

1. Chicaque Reserve southwest of Bogotá; 2200-2400 m el
2. Chingaza National Park); up to ca. 10,600 ft; dept. of Cundinamarca.
3. Laguna Tabacal (near La Vega; c. 1400 m) & San Francisco (Jardín Encantado (Enchanted Hummingbird Garden; c. 1400 m); all sites in dept of Cundinamarca
4. Reserva (private) Mana Dulce; dept of Cundinamarca (el c. 400 m; 1300 ft); Tropical dry forest
5. Morning from Ibagué to Juntas and beyond toward El Silencio (max el c. 2000 m); p.m. Laguna El Hato in dept of Tolima at c. 250-300 m el
6. Reserva Natural Bellavista; (morning visit; rain); ca. 1200 m el, dept. of Caldas; late morning drive to Río Claro EcoReserve in the dept. of Antioquia (ca. 300 m
- 7-8. Río Claro EcoReserve
9. Most of day driving to San Vicente de Chucurí and Cerulean Warbler Reserve (1320 m; 4000 ft at lodge; ca. 4700 ft in upper cloud forest); west slope Eastern Andes; San Vicente c. 750 m el
- 10-11. Reserva Natural de Aves Reinita Cielo Azul (Cerulean Warbler Reserve)
12. Morning at Cerulean Warbler Reserve; p.m. drive to Bucaramanga and flight to Bogotá for conclusion of tour

Heard = a species only heard (preceded by (*))

[] = seen/heard only by SH (Hilty) or HA (Hernan Arias)

boldface and underlined (blue and boldface) = **endemics** and **near endemics** (the latter term being rather loosely defined as any bird also found mainly in Colombia and also just beyond its political boundary

boldface and black = **scarce or local or unusual for various reasons**

red = **migrants from North America**

Bird List: subspecies are provided for a select few species for which there are known taxonomic issues. For additional information and comments, interested persons are encouraged to visit the SACC web page; and the ProAves web site http://www.proaves.org/rubrique.php?id_rubrique=372 and click on the Lista de Aves de Colombia to download the entire checklist (current to 2010) which lists all known subspecies in Colombia and the approximate areas where each is found. Other taxonomic information can be found at the IOU (International Ornithological Union) website.

TINAMIDAE	
*Little Tinamou	<i>Tinamus soui</i>
ANHIMIDAE	
Northern Screamer	<i>Chauna chavaria</i>
CRACIDAE	
* Colombian Chachalaca	Ortalis columbiana (E)
Andean Guan	<i>Penelope montagnii</i>
PODICIPEDIDAE	
Least Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus dominicus</i>
PHALACROCORACIDAE	
Neotropical Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax brasilanus</i>
ANHINGIDAE	
Anhinga	<i>Anhinga anhinga</i>
ARDEIDAE	
Cocoi Heron	<i>Ardea cocoi</i>
Great Egret	<i>Ardea albus</i>
Snowy Egret	<i>Egretta thula</i>
Little Blue Heron	<i>Egretta tricolor</i>
Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>
Striated Heron	<i>Butorides striatus</i>
THRESKIORNITHIDAE	
Bare-faced (Whispering Ibis)	<i>Phimosus infuscatus</i>
CATHARTIDAE	
Black Vulture	<i>Coragyps atratus</i>
Turkey Vulture	<i>Cathartes aura</i>
Lesser Yellow-headed vulture	<i>Cathartes burrovianus</i>
ACCIPITRIDAE	

White-tailed Kite	<i>Elanus leucurus</i>
Swallow-tailed Kite	<i>Elanoides forficatus</i>
[*Black Hawk-Eagle	<i>Spizaetus tyrannus</i>
Double-toothed Kite	<i>Harpagus bidentatus</i>
Plumbeous Kite	<i>Ictinia plumbea</i>
Sharp-shinned Hawk	<i>Accipiter striatus</i>
Savanna Hawk	<i>Buteogallus meridionalis</i>
Black-chested Buzzard-Eagle	<i>Geranoaetus melanoleucus</i>
Roadside Hawk	<i>Buteo magnirostris</i>
Broad-winged Hawk	<i>Buteo platypterus</i>
RALLIDAE	
*Gray-necked Wood-Rail	<i>Aramides cayaneus</i>
*Russet-crowned Crake	<i>Anurolimnas viridis</i>
Purple Gallinule	<i>Porphyrio martinicus</i>
American Coot	<i>Fulica americana</i>
CHARADRIIDAE	
Southern Lapwing	<i>Vanellus chilensis</i>
JACANIDAE	
Wattled Jacana	<i>Jacana jacana melanopygia</i>
SCOLOPACIDAE	
Solitary Sandpiper	<i>Tringa solitaria</i>
COLUMBIDAE	
Rock Pigeon	<i>Columba livia</i>
Pale-vented Pigeon	<i>Columba cayennensis</i>
Band-tailed Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas fasciata</i>
Ruddy Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas subvinacea</i>
Eared Dove	<i>Zenaida auriculata</i>
Ruddy Ground-Dove	<i>Columbina talpacoti</i>
White-tipped Dove	<i>Leptotila verreauxi</i>
Lined Quail-Dove	<i>Geotrygon linearis</i>
CUCULIDAE	
Dwarf Cuckoo	<i>Coccyzus pumila</i>
Squirrel Cuckoo	<i>Piaya cayana</i>
Striped Cuckoo	<i>Tapera naevia</i>
*Pheasant Cuckoo	<i>Dromococcyx phasianellus</i>
Smooth-billed Ani	<i>Crotophaga ani</i>
Groove-billed Ani	<i>Crotophaga sulcirostris</i>
STRIGIDAE	

*Tropical Screech Owl	<i>Megascops choliba</i>
Spectacled Owl	<i>Pulsatrix perspicillata</i>
Mottled Owl	<i>Ciccaba virgata</i>
CAPRIMULGIDAE	
*Pauraque	<i>Nyctidromus albicollis</i>
NYCTIBIIDAE	
Common Potoo	<i>Nyctibius griseus</i>
STEATORNITHIDAE	
Oilbird	<i>Steatornis caripensis</i>
APODIDAE	
White-collared Swift	<i>Streptoprocne zonaris</i>
TROCHILIDAE	
White-necked Jacobin	<i>Florisuga mellivora</i>
Green Hermit	<i>Phaethornis guy</i>
Pale-bellied Hermit	<i>Phaethornis anthophilus</i>
Stripe-throated Hermit	<i>Phaethornis striigularis</i>
Green-fronted Lancebill	<i>Doryfera ludovicae</i>
Brown Violetear	<i>Colibri delphinae</i>
Green Violetear	<i>Colibri thalassinus</i>
Sparkling Violetear	<i>Colibri coruscans</i>
Purple-crowned Fairy	<i>Heliostyris barroti</i>
Black-throated Mango	<i>Anthracothorax nigricollis</i>
Tourmaline Sunangel	<i>Heliangelus exortis</i>
Speckled Hummingbird	<i>Adelomyia melanogenys</i>
<u>Blossomcrown</u>	<u><i>Anthocephala floriceps</i></u> (E)
Long-tailed Sylph	<i>Agelaiocercus kingi</i>
Purple-backed Thornbill	<i>Ramphomicron microrhynchum</i>
Bronze-tailed Thornbill	<i>Chalcostigma heteropogon</i>
Green-bearded Helmetcrest	<i>Oxygogon guerinii</i>
Glowing Puffleg	<i>Eriocnemis vestita</i>
Shining Sunbeam	<i>Aglaeactis cupripennis</i>
<u>Black Inca</u>	<u><i>Coeligena prunellei</i></u> (E)
Collared Inca	<i>Coeligena torquata</i>
Golden-bellied Starfrontlet	<i>Coeligena bonapartei</i>
Mountain Velvetbreast	<i>Lafresnaya lafresnayi</i>
Buff-tailed Coronet	<i>Boissonneaua flavescens</i>
Booted Racket-tail	<i>Ocreatus underwoodii</i>
Fawn-breasted Brilliant	<i>Heliodoxa rubinoides</i>
Green-crowned Brilliant	<i>Heliodoxa jacula</i>
Long-billed Starthroat	<i>Heliomaster longirostris</i>

White-bellied Woodstar	<i>Chaetocercus mulsant</i>
Gorgeted Woodstar	<i>Chaetocercus heliodor</i>
Red-billed Emerald	<i>Chlorostilbon gibsoni</i>
White-vented Plumeleteer	<i>Chalybura buffonii</i>
Bronze-tailed Plumeleteer	<i>Chalybura urochrysia</i>
Crowned Woodnymph	<i>Thalurania colombica</i>
Andean Emerald	<i>Amazilia franciae</i>
Blue-chested Hummingbird	<i>Amazilia amabilis</i>
Steely-vented Hummingbird	<i>Amazilia saucerrottei</i>
<u>Indigo-capped Hummingbird</u>	<u><i>Amazilia cyanifrons</i></u> (E)
Rufous-tailed Hummingbird	<i>Amazilia tzacatl</i>
TROGONIDAE	
White-tailed Trogon	<i>Trogon chionurus</i>
Masked Trogon	<i>Trogon personatus</i>
MOMOTIDAE	
*Whooping Motmot	<i>Momotus subrufescens</i>
Andean (formerly Highland) Motmot	<i>Momotus aequatorialis</i>
*Rufous Motmot	<i>Baryphthengus martii</i>
ALCEDINIDAE	
Amazon Kingfisher	<i>Chloroceryle amazona</i>
Green Kingfisher	<i>Chloroceryle americana</i>
BUCCONIDAE	
Barred Puffbird	<i>Nystalus radiatus</i>
Gray-cheeked Nunlet	<i>Nonnula frontalis</i>
GALBULIDAE	
Rufous-tailed Jacamar	<i>Galbula ruficauda</i>
CAPITONIDAE	
<u>White-mantled Barbet</u>	<u><i>Capito hypoluecus</i></u> (E)
RAMPHASTIDAE	
Emerald Toucanet	<i>Aulacorhynchus prasinus</i>
Channel-billed (Citron-throated) Toucan	<i>Ramphastos vitellinus (citreaemus)</i>
Black- (Chestnut) mandibled Toucan	<i>Ramphastos swainsonii abbreviatus</i>
PICIDAE	
Olivaceous Piculet	<i>Picumnus olivaceus</i>

Red-crowned Woodpecker	<i>Melanerpes rubricapillus</i>
Smoky-brown Woodpecker	<i>Picoides fumigatus</i>
Red-rumped Woodpecker	<i>Veniliornis kirkii</i>
Golden-olive Woodpecker	<i>Piculus rubiginosus</i>
Spot-breasted Woodpecker	<i>Colaptes punctigula</i>
Cinnamon Woodpecker	<i>Celeus loricatus</i>
Lineated Woodpecker	<i>Dryocopus lineatus</i>
FALCONIDAE	
Crested Caracara	<i>Caracara cheriway</i>
Yellow-headed Caracara	<i>Milvago chimachima</i>
American Kestrel	<i>Falco sparverius</i>
Aplomado Falcon	<i>Falco femoralis</i>
PSITTACIDAE	
<u>Spectacled Parrotlet</u>	<u><i>Forpus conspicillatus</i> (near endemic)</u>
Orange-chinned Parakeet	<i>Brotogeris jugularis</i>
Saffron-headed Parrot	<i>Pyrilia pyrilia</i>
Blue-headed Parrot	<i>Pionus menstruus</i>
*Yellow-crowned Parrot	<i>Amazona ochrocephala</i>
THAMNOPHILIDAE	
Barred Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus doliatus</i>
<u>Bar-crested Antshrike</u>	<u><i>Thamnophilus multistriatus</i> (near endemic)</u>
Black-crowned (Western Slaty) - Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus atrinucha</i>
*Uniform Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus unicolor</i>
Pacific Antwren	<i>Myrmotherula pacifica</i>
White-flanked Antwren	<i>Myrmotherula axillaris</i>
(Northern) White-fringed Antwren	<i>Myrmotherula grisea</i>
Jet Antbird	<i>Cercomacra nigricans</i>
White-bellied Antbird	<i>Myrmeciza longipes</i>
Chestnut-backed Antbird	<i>Myrmeciza exsul</i>
<u>*Magdalena Antbird</u>	<u><i>Myrmeciza palliata</i> (E)</u>
Blue-lored Antbird	<i>Myrmeciza immaculate</i>
Bicolored Antbird	<i>Gymnopithys leucaspis</i>
FORMICARIIDAE	
*Chestnut-crowned Antpitta	<i>Grallaria ruficapilla</i>
*Rufous Antpitta	<i>Grallaria rufula</i>
Rusty-breasted Antpitta	<i>Grallaricula ferrugineipectus</i>
RHINOCRYPTIDAE	
*Pale-bellied (Matorial) Tapaculo	<i>Scytalopus griseicollis</i> (near endemic)

FORMICARIIDAE	
*Black-faced Antthrush	<i>Formicarius analis</i>
FURNARIIDAE	
Wedge-billed Woodcreeper	<i>Glyphorhynchus spirurus</i>
Strong-billed Woodcreeper	<i>Xiphocolaptes promeropirhynchus</i>
Cocoa Woodcreeper	<i>Xiphorhynchus susurrans</i>
Olive-backed Woodcreeper	<i>Xiphorhynchus triangularis</i>
Straight-billed Woodcreeper	<i>Dendroplex picus</i>
Streak-headed Woodcreeper	<i>Lepidocolaptes souleyetii</i>
Montane Foliage-gleaner	<i>Anabacerthia striaticollis</i>
Plain Xenops	<i>Xenops minutus</i>
Streaked Xenops	<i>Xenops rutilans</i>
Slaty-winged Foliage-gleaner	<i>Philydor fuscipenne</i>
Pearled Treerunner	<i>Margarornis squamiger</i>
White-chinned Thistletail	<i>Asthenes fuliginosa</i>
Ash-browed Spinetail	<i>Cranioleuca curtata</i>
Yellow-chinned Spinetail	<i>Cranioleuca cinnamomeus</i>
Pale-breasted Spinetail	<i>Synallaxis albescens</i>
Slaty Spinetail	<i>Synallaxis brachyura</i>
TYRANNIDAE	
[White-tailed Tyrannulet	<i>Mecocerculus poecilocercus</i>
White-banded Tyrannulet	<i>Mecocerculus stictopterus</i>
White-throated Tyrannulet	<i>Mecocerculus leucophrys</i>
Mouse-colored Tyrannulet	<i>Phaeomyias murina</i>
*Yellow-crowned Tyrannulet	<i>Tyrannulus elatus</i>
Forest Elaenia	<i>Myiopagis gaimardii</i>
Greenish Elaenia	<i>Myiopagis viridicata</i>
Yellow-bellied Elaenia	<i>Elaenia flavogaster</i>
Torrent Tyrannulet	<i>Serpophaga cinerea</i>
Ochre-bellied Flycatcher	<i>Mionectes oleagineus</i>
Sepia-capped Flycatcher	<i>Leptopogon amaurocephalus</i>
Slaty-capped Flycatcher	<i>Leptopogon superciliaris</i>
Rufous-breasted Flycatcher	<i>Leptopogon rufipectus</i>
<u>Antioquia Bristle-Tyrant</u>	<u><i>Phylloscartes lanyoni</i> (E)</u>
Sooty-headed Tyrannulet	<i>Phyllomyias griseiceps</i>
Golden-faced Tyrannulet	<i>Zimmerius chrysops</i>
Ornate Flycatcher	<i>Myiotriccus ornatus</i>
Scale-crested Pygmy-Tyrant	<i>Lophotriccus pileatus</i>
Pale-eyed Pygmy-Tyrant	<i>Atalotriccus pilaris</i>
Common Tody-Flycatcher	<i>Todirostrum cinereum</i>
Black-headed Tody-Flycatcher	<i>Todirostrum nigriceps</i>
Olivaceous Flatbill	<i>Rhynchocyclus olivaceus</i>

Yellow-olive Flycatcher	<i>Tolmomyias sulphurescens</i>
[Ruddy-tailed Flycatcher	<i>Terenotriccus erythrurus</i>
Cinnamon Flycatcher	<i>Pyrrhomyias cinnamomeus</i>
Black-tailed Flycatcher	<i>Myiobius atricaudus</i>
Flavescent Flycatcher	<i>Myiophobus flavicans</i>
Bran-colored Flycatcher	<i>Myiophobus fasciatus</i>
Smoke-colored Pewee	<i>Contopus fumigatus</i>
Tropical Pewee	<i>Contopus cinereus</i>
Acadian Flycatcher	<i>Empidonax virescens</i>
Black Phoebe	<i>Sayornis nigricans</i>
Vermilion Flycatcher	<i>Pyrocephalus rubinus</i>
Streak-throated Bush-Tyrant	<i>Myiotheretes striaticollis</i>
White-headed Marsh-Tyrant	<i>Arundinicola leucocephala</i>
[*Slaty-backed Chat-Tyrant	<i>Ochthoeca cinnamomeiventris</i>
[Brown-backed Chat-Tyrant	<i>Ochthoeca fumicolor</i>
Long-tailed Tyrant	<i>Colonia colonus</i>
Cattle Tyrant	<i>Machetornis rixosa</i>
*Bright-rumped Attila	<i>Attila spadiceus</i>
Rufous Mourner	<i>Rhytipterna holerythra</i>
Dusky-capped Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus tuberculifer</i>
Panama Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus panamensis</i>
<u>Apical Flycatcher</u>	<u><i>Myiarchus apicalis</i></u> (E)
Great Crested Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus crinitus</i>
Great Kiskadee	<i>Pitangus sulphuratus</i>
Boat-billed Flycatcher	<i>Megarynchus pitangua</i>
Rusty-margined Flycatcher	<i>Myiozetetes cayanensis</i>
Golden-crowned Flycatcher	<i>Myiodynastes chrysocephalus</i>
Streaked Flycatcher	<i>Myiodynastes maculatus</i>
Piratic Flycatcher	<i>Legatus leucophaeus</i>
Tropical Kingbird	<i>Tyrannus melancholicus</i>
Fork-tailed Flycatcher	<i>Tyrannus savanna</i>
PIPRIDAE	
Striped Manakin	<i>Machaeropterus regulus</i>
Golden-headed Manakin	<i>Pipra erythrocephala</i>
White-bearded Manakin	<i>Manacus manacus</i>
Wing-barred Piprites	<i>Piprites chloris</i>
TITYRIDAE AND ALLIES	
Masked Tityra	<i>Tityra semifasciata</i>
Cinereous Becard	<i>Pachyramphus rufus</i>
Cinnamon Becard	<i>Pachyramphus cinnamomeus</i>
One-colored Becard	<i>Pachyramphus homochrous</i>
VIREONIDAE	

Brown-capped Vireo	<i>Vireo leucophrys</i>
Red-eyed Vireo	<i>Vireo olivaceus</i>
<u>Rufous-naped Greenlet</u>	<u><i>Hylophilus semibrunneus</i> (near endemic)</u>
Scrub Greenlet	<i>Hylophilus flavipes</i>
Lesser Greenlet	<i>Hylophilus decurtatus</i>
*Rufous-browed Peppershrike	<i>Cyclarhis gujanensis</i>
Black-billed Peppershrike	<i>Cyclarhis nigrirostris</i>
CORVIDAE	
Black-chested Jay	<i>Cyanocorax affinis</i>
Green Jay	<i>Cyanocorax yncas cyanodorsalis</i>
HIRUNDINIDAE (surprisingly few this trip)	
Blue-and-white Swallow	<i>Notiochelidon cyanoleuca</i>
Brown-bellied Swallow	<i>Notiochelidon murina</i>
Southern Rough-winged Swallow	<i>Stelgidopteryx ruficollis</i>
Gray-breasted Martin	<i>Progne chalybea</i>
Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>
TROGLODYTIDAE	
*Scaly-breasted Wren	<i>Microcerculus marginatus taeniatus</i>
House Wren	<i>Troglodytes aedon</i>
Mountain Wren	<i>Troglodytes solstitialis</i>
Grass Wren	<i>Cistothorus platensis</i>
Band-backed Wren	<i>Campylorhynchus zonatus</i>
Bicolored Wren	<i>Campylorhynchus griseus</i>
Black-bellied Wren	<i>Pheugopedius fasciatoventris</i>
*Whiskered Wren	<i>Thryothorus mystacalis</i>
*Speckle-breasted Wren	<i>Pheugopedius sclateri</i>
<u>Niceforo's Wren</u>	<u><i>Thryothorus nicefori</i> (E)</u>
Bay Wren	<i>Thryothorus nigricapillus</i>
Rufous-Wren	<i>Cinnycerthia unirufa</i>
*Grey-breasted Wood-Wren	<i>Henicorhina leucophrys</i>
POLIOPTILIDAE	
Tropical Gnatcatcher	<i>Polioptila plumbea</i>
DONACOBIIDAE	
Black-capped Donacobius	<i>Donacobius atricapilla</i>
TURDIDAE	
Andean Solitaire	<i>Myadestes ralloides</i>
*Orange-billed Nightingale-Thrush	<i>Catharus aurantiirostris</i>

Swainson's Thrush	<i>Catharus ustulatus</i>
Yellow-legged Thrush	<i>Turdus flavipes</i>
Pale-breasted Thrush	<i>Turdus leucomelas</i>
Black-billed Thrush	<i>Turdus ignobilis</i>
Great Thrush	<i>Turdus fuscater</i>
MIMIDAE	
Tropical Mockingbird	<i>Mimus gilvus</i>
PARULIDAE	
Northern Waterthrush	<i>Parkesia noveboracensis</i>
Black-and-white Warbler	<i>Mniotilta varia</i>
Prothonotary Warbler	<i>Protonotaria citrea</i>
Tennessee Warbler	<i>Vermivora peregrina</i>
Mourning Warbler	<i>Oporornis philadelphia</i>
American Redstart	<i>Setophaga ruticilla</i>
Tropical Parula	<i>Parula pitaiayumi</i>
Bay-breasted Warbler	<i>Dendroica castanea</i>
Blackburnian Warbler	<i>Dendroica fusca</i>
Yellow Warbler	<i>Dendroica petechia</i>
Rufous-capped Warbler	<i>Basileuterus rufifrons</i>
Black-crested Warbler	<i>Basileuterus nigrocristatus</i>
Buff-rumped Warbler	<i>Basileuterus fulvicauda</i>
Russet-crowned Warbler	<i>Myiothlypis coronata</i>
Canada Warbler	<i>Wilsonia canadensis</i>
Slate-throated Redstart	<i>Myioborus miniatus</i>
Golden-fronted Redstart	<i>Myioborus ornatus ornatus</i> (with white face)
THRAUPIDAE	
Superciliaried Hemispingus	<i>Hemispingus superciliaris</i>
Black-eared Hemispingus	<i>Hemispingus melanotis</i>
?Gray-headed Tanager	<i>Eucometis penicillata</i>
White-shouldered Tanager	<i>Tachyphonus luctuosus</i>
Tawny-crested Tanager	<i>Tachyphonus delattrei</i>
Crimson-backed Tanager	<i>Ramphocelus dimidiatus</i>
Flame-rumped (Lemon-rumped) Tanager	<i>Ramphocelus flammigerus icteronotus</i>
Scarlet-bellied Mountain-Tanager	<i>Anisognathus igniventris</i>
Blue-winged Mountain-Tanager	<i>Anisognathus somptuosus</i>
Buff-breasted Mountain-Tanager	<i>Dubusia taeniata</i>
Blue-gray Tanager	<i>Thraupis episcopus</i>
Palm Tanager	<i>Thraupis palmarum</i>
Blue-capped Tanager	<i>Thraupis cyanocephala</i>
Black-capped Tanager	<i>Tangara heinei</i>
Scrub Tanager	<i>Tangara vitriolina</i>

Golden-hooded Tanager	<i>Tangara larvata</i>
Blue-necked Tanager	<i>Tangara cyanicollis</i>
Speckled Tanager	<i>Tangara guttata</i>
Blue-and black Tanager	<i>Tangara vassorii</i>
Beryl-spangled Tanager	<i>Tangara vassorii</i>
Metallic-green Tanager	<i>Tangara labradorides</i>
Plain-colored Tanager	<i>Tangara inornata</i>
Bay-headed Tanager	<i>Tangara gyrola</i>
Saffron-crowned Tanager	<i>Tangara xanthocephala</i>
Flame-faced Tanager	<i>Tangara parzudakii</i>
Golden Tanager	<i>Tangara arthus</i>
Swallow Tanager	<i>Tersina viridis</i>
Black-faced (Yellow-tufted) Dacnis	<i>Dacnis lineata egregia</i>
<u>Turquoise Dacnis</u>	<u><i>Dacnis hartlaubi</i> (E)</u>
Blue Dacnis	<i>Dacnis cayana</i>
Purple Honeycreeper	<i>Cyanerpes caeruleus</i>
Green Honeycreeper	<i>Chlorophanes spiza</i>
<u>Rufous-browed Conebill</u>	<u><i>Conirostrum rufum</i> (near endemic)</u>
Glossy Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossa lafresnayii</i>
Black Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossa humeralis</i>
Bluish Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossa caeruleascens</i>
Masked Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossa cyanea</i>
White-sided Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossa albilatera</i>
Plushcap	<i>Catamblyrhynchus diadema</i>
Saffron Finch	<i>Sicalis flaveola</i>
Blue-black Grassquit	<i>Volatinia jacarina</i>
Gray Seedeater	<i>Sporophila intermedia</i> (<i>intermedia</i> or <i>bogotensis</i>)
Yellow-bellied Seedeater	<i>Sporophila nigricollis</i>
Ruddy-breasted Seedeater	<i>Sporophila minuta</i>
Thick-billed Seed-Finch	<i>Oryzoborus funereus</i>
Bananaquit	<i>Coereba flaveola</i>
Black-faced Grassquit	<i>Tiaris bicolor</i>
Dusky-faced Tanager	<i>Mitrospingus cassinii</i>
Streaked Saltator	<i>Saltator striatipectus</i>
Grayish Saltator	<i>Saltator coerulescens</i>
Buff-throated Saltator	<i>Saltator maximus</i>
Black-winged Saltator	<i>Saltator atripennis</i>
*Slate-colored Grosbeak	<i>Saltator grossus</i>
EMBERIZIDAE	
Chestnut-capped Brush-Finch	<i>Arremon brunneinucha</i>
Orange-billed Sparrow	<i>Arremon aurantiirostris</i>
Moustached Brush-Finch	<i>Atlapetes albofrenatus</i>

White-naped (formerly Yellow-throated) Brush-Finch	<i>Atlapetes albinucha</i>
Pale-naped Brush-Finch	<i>Atlapetes pallidinucha</i>
<u>Yellow-headed Brush-Finch</u>	<u><i>Atlapetes flaviceps</i> (E)</u>
Slaty Brush-Finch	<i>Atlapetes schistaceus</i>
Rufous-collared Sparrow	<i>Zonotrichia capensis</i>
Common Chlorospingus (formerly Bush-Tanager)	<i>Chlorospingus ophthalmicus</i>
CARDINALIDAE	
(Highland) Hepatic-Tanager	<i>Piranga flava lutea</i>
Summer Tanager	<i>Piranga rubra</i>
White-winged Tanager	<i>Piranga leucoptera</i>
<u>Sooty Ant-Tanager</u>	<u><i>Habia gutturalis</i></u>
Rose-breasted Grosbeak	<i>Pheucticus ludovicianus</i>
ICTERIDAE	
Red-breasted Blackbird	<i>Sturnella militaris</i>
Eastern Meadowlark	<i>Sturnella magna</i>
Carib Grackle	<i>Quiscalus lugubris</i>
Yellow-hooded Blackbird	<i>Chrysomus icterocephalus</i>
Shiny Cowbird	<i>Molothrus bonariensis</i>
Yellow-backed Oriole	<i>Icterus chrysater</i>
Orange-crowned Oriole	<i>Icterus auricapillus</i>
Yellow-tailed Oriole	<i>Icterus mesomelas</i>
Yellow Oriole	<i>Icterus nigrogularis</i>
Yellow-tailed Oriole	<i>Icterus mesomelas</i>
Baltimore Oriole	<i>Icterus galbula</i>
Russet-backed Oropendola	<i>Psarocolius angustifrons</i>
Crested Oropendola	<i>Psarocolius decumanus</i>
FRINGILLIDAE	
<u>Velvet-fronted Euphonia</u>	<u><i>Euphonia concinna</i> (E)</u>
Thick-billed Euphonia	<i>Euphonia laniirostris</i>
Fulvous-vented Euphonia	<i>Euphonia fulvicrissa</i>
Orange-bellied Euphonia	<i>Euphonia xanthogaster</i>
Lesser Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis psaltria</i>
Yellow-bellied Siskin	<i>Carduelis xanthogastrus</i>
<u>MAMMAL AND CRITTER LIST:</u>	
White-footed Marmoset	<i>Saguinus leucopus</i>
White-fronted Capuchin	<i>Cebus albifrons</i>
Red-tailed Squirrel	<i>Sciurus granadensis</i>
Central American Dwarf Squirrel	<i>Microsciurus alfari</i>

Santander Dwarf Squirrel	<i>Microsciurus santanderensis</i>
There also were geckos and bats; Marco: the 4-spotted dog (who ate and slept a lot) at the Cerulean Warbler Reserve; various other dogs; and “Garfield” the orange cat at Río Claro (who accompanied us into the field one morning and became something of a problem when he began stalking birds)	