

**ECUADOR:  
EASTERN SLOPE OF THE ANDES**

**JANUARY 18 – 26, 2008**



Crested Quetzal

© David Wolf

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## **ECUADOR: EASTERN SLOPE OF THE ANDES TOUR**

**January 18-26, 2008**

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Along with our birding there were two consistent themes to our week on the east slope of the Andes. One was the spectacular scenery. This transect through the mountains is stunning, from the snow-capped peaks and waving grass of the páramo down the deep valleys to the luxuriant forests of the foothills. The other was water—and the amazing cycle from the Andes to the Amazon and back. We spent time in the clouds, under them, and a few times getting wet from them. They hung along the high ridges and mystically swept up the valleys, condensing and releasing moisture to join the rushing rivers cutting their way down the Andes. Eventually, of course, this water reaches the Amazonian lowlands, where it evaporates and rises in the heat of the Tropics, only to hit the cool air of the mountains and begin the cycle anew.

We began our explorations with a brief sampling of the northwestern slopes near Quito, a region worth a week in its own right. Here we watched breathlessly as Angel Paz called to his “trained” Giant Antpitta. “Maria—venga, venga, venga!” Like magic she appeared, to feast on the worms he had laid out. The Yellow-breasted Antpitta was only a bit more reluctant to show, and then there was Shakira, the Ochre-breasted, with her unique shake of the body. To see any antpitta well is remarkable! We also began our hummingbird extravaganza here, and by the end of the day we had seen 18 species of these delicate jewels. The next morning we birded our way up through pleasant farm country to the treeless páramo, an exhilarating day that culminated in a male Chimborazo Hillstar in the highest treeline scrub and then an incredibly close pair of Rufous-bellied Seedsnipe at the very top of the mountain. The following morning was wet and the birding tough in the temperate shrub zone, but eventually we found a nice mixed-flock, while lower downslope we studied still more hummingbirds, including the incredible Sword-billed (ridiculous at the feeders!) and rarities like Mountain Avocetbill and Glowing Puffleg. A Crested Quetzal beside the road capped the day, and we headed on to San Ysidro Labrador, our headquarters for exploring the mid-elevations.

This private reserve is located in the heart of the lush subtropical zone, and in the days to come we ranged out to bird the luxuriant forests at various elevations. A recurring theme was “mixed-flocks,” active groups of multiple species that forage through the forest together, creating a feast or famine situation for birders. We “feasted” regularly, particularly enjoying the tanagers that dominate the flocks, their names hinting at their fabulous colors: Saffron-crowned, Flame-faced, Blue-necked, and Blue-winged Mountain, to mention but a few. Tagging along with them were Pearled Treerunners, woodcreepers, flycatchers, and more, duller in color but

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interesting all the same. Ironically, the largest flocks encountered were on a very wet day on the outer ridge, and they were insanely active in the rain. Initially it was hard to see much color or keep our binoculars dry, but then those brilliant—and rare—Vermilion Tanagers showed up in our faces and it was all worth it!

A few other highlights of the week included the incredibly calm Masked Trogons seen regularly around the lodge, a flock of noisy but elusive White-capped Tanagers, an amazing Amazonian Umbrellabird that sat up on an exposed perch for more than 15 minutes, Torrent Ducks on the picturesque rivers, a kinkajou by day, and by night the special “San Ysidro” owl as it sat just a few feet from us. The true identity of this owl has yet to be revealed—it combines characters of both the Black-banded and the Black-and-white Owls—and it is a fitting symbol of how little we really know about these beautiful mountain forests.

### **Itinerary:**

January 18: arrival in Quito.

January 19: all-day excursion to the northwest slope of Volcan Pichincha, at the Angel Paz Reserve, Tandayapa Ridge and Valley, and Tony and Barbara’s feeders.

January 20: all-day birding from the Central Valley up to Papallacta Pass, and then down the east-slope to the Termas de Papallacta, for a night at 10,200 ft.

January 21: morning in the temperate shrub zone below treeline and then at the hummingbird feeders at Rio Guango (9800 ft); afternoon drive to San Ysidro Labrador.

January 22: morning and afternoon birding around San Ysidro Labrador, in the heart of the wet and lush subtropical zone at 6500 ft.

January 23: all-day excursion to San Raphael Falls, in the blend zone between the lower subtropical and upper tropical zones at about 4000 feet.

January 24: morning birding our way up to the pass on Huacamayo Ridge at 7200 ft and then down the east-slope to the foothills, in fog, mist and then rain. Afternoon around San Ysidro Labrador area.

January 25: morning loop around the Baeza area and a picnic lunch, before driving back into Quito with a few stops en route.

January 26: departure for home or on-going travels.

### **Key:**

NW = Northwest slope (especially at the Angel Paz Reserve, and the Tandayapa Valley at Tony & Barbara’s), mostly in the 5000-7000 ft range.

Q = Quito (including our stop in the Tumbaco Valley for the Scrub Tanager).

Pap = Papallacta area, from 9000 ft on the Central Valley side (our first major birding stop) to the Pass and towers above (up to 13,500 feet) and then down the east-slope to the Termas de Papallacta (10,200 ft) and Guango Lodge (9800 ft).

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ES = the East-slope (areas in the lower subtropical zone, especially at San Raphael Falls and around Baeza).

SYL = the San Ysidro Labrador area and nearby Huacamayo Ridge, the heart of the lush subtropical zone (mostly in the 5500-7000 ft range).

**Bird List:** Some of our trip highlights, favorites and rarities are underscored.

Neotropic Cormorant (*Phalacrocorax brasilianus*) - Pap

**Torrent Duck** (*Merganetta armata*) – ES (perhaps the species most evocative of the Andes).

Speckled Teal (*Anas flavirostris*)

“Andean” Teal (*Anas (f.) andium*) - Pap (split by the field guide).

Yellow-billed Pintail (*Anas georgica*) - Pap

Black Vulture (*Coragyps atratus*) - NW, Pap, ES, Q

Turkey Vulture (*Cathartes aura*) - ES

Swallow-tailed Kite (*Elanoides forficatus*) - NW

**Black-chested Buzzard-Eagle** (*Geranoaetus melanoleucus*) - Pap (including an adult that glided in and landed on the top of a high cliff face).

Roadside Hawk (*Buteo magnirostris*) – SYL, ES

Broad-winged Hawk (*Buteo platypterus*) - NW, SYL, ES

Variable Hawk (*Buteo polyosoma*) - Pap (the “Puna” Hawk, sometimes split as a separate species (*Buteo poecilochrous*); beautiful adults of both light and dark morphs over the paramo).

Carunculated Caracara (*Phalcoboenus carunculatus*) - Pap

American Kestrel (*Falco sparverius*) - Q, Pap, ES

Sickle-winged Guan (*Chamaepetes goudotii*) - SYL (seen by a few).

**Dark-backed Wood-Quail** (*Odontophorus melanonotus*) - NW (family group that almost came up to our feet as Angel fed them; incredible to see a wood-quail this well!).

Southern Lapwing (*Vanellus chilensis*) - SYL

Greater Yellowlegs (*Tringa melanoleuca*) - Pap

Spotted Sandpiper (*Actitis macularia*) - SYL, Pap

**Rufous-bellied Seedsnipe** (*Attagis gayi*) - Pap (fabulous long study of a calm pair at the very top of the road above Papallacta Pass; remarkably “ptarmigan-like”).

Andean Gull (*Larus serranus*) - Pap

Rock Pigeon (*Columba livia*) - Q, ES

Band-tailed Pigeon (*Patagioenas fasciata*) - Q, SYL, ES

Ruddy Pigeon (*Patagioenas subvinacea*) - NW, ES

Eared Dove (*Zenaida auriculata*) - Q, Pap, ES

White-throated Quail-Dove (*Geotrygon frenata*) - SYL (heard only)

Red-billed Parrot (*Pionus sordidus*)

Speckle-faced Parrot (*Pionus tumultuosus*)

“White-capped” Parrot (*Pionus t. seniloides*)

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- Scaly-naped Parrot (*Amazona mercenaria*) - SYL  
Squirrel Cuckoo (*Piaya cayana*)  
Smooth-billed Ani (*Crotophaga ani*)  
**“Black-banded” Owl** (*Ciccaba huhula*) - SYL (the “mystery” owl of San Ysidro Labrador. It’s taxonomic position has not been determined yet, as it shows features of both Black-banded and Black-and-white Owls of the lowlands).  
Rufous-banded Owl (*Ciccaaba albitarsis*) - SYL  
Common Potoo (*Nyctibius griseus*)  
Rufous-bellied Nighthawk (*Lurocalis rufiventris*)  
Chestnut-collared Swift (*Streptoprocne rutila*) - SYL  
White-collared Swift (*Streptoprocne zonaris*) - Pap, ES, SYL  
White-tipped Swift (*Aeronautes montivagus*) - ES  
Tawny-bellied Hermit (*Phaethornis syrmatophorus*) - SYL  
Green Violet-ear (*Colibri thalassinus*)  
Sparkling Violet-ear (*Colibri coruscans*)  
Blue-tailed Emerald (*Chlorostilbon mellisugus*)  
“Western” Emerald (*Chlorostilbon (m.) melanorhynchus*) - NW (split by the field guide).  
Rufous-tailed Hummingbird (*Amazilia tzacatl*)  
Andean Emerald (*Agyrtria franceae*)  
Speckled Hummingbird (*Adelomyia melanogenys*)  
Fawn-breasted Brilliant (*Heliodoxa rubinoides*)  
**Empress Brilliant** (*Heliodoxa imperatrix*) - (rare endemic).  
White-tailed Hillstar (*Urochroa bougueri*)  
Chestnut-breasted Coronet (*Boissonneaua matthewsii*) - Pap, SYL  
Buff-tailed Coronet (*Boissonneaua flavescens*)  
Velvet-purple Coronet (*Boissonneaua jardini*)  
Shining Sunbeam (*Aglaeactis cupripennis*) - Pap  
**Chimborazo (Ecuadorian) Hillstar** (*Oreotrochilus chimborazo*) - Pap (beautiful male, well above tree-line).  
Mountain Velvetbreast (*Lafresnaya lafresnayi*) - Pap  
Bronzy Inca (*Coeligena coeligena*) - SYL  
Brown Inca (*Coeligena wilsoni*)  
Collared Inca (*Coeligena torquata*)  
Buff-winged Starfrontlet (*Coeligena lutetiae*) - Pap  
**Sword-billed Hummingbird** (*Ensifera ensifera*) - Pap (comical at the feeders!).  
Great Sapphirewing (*Pterophanes cyanopterus*) - Pap  
Gorgeted Sunangel (*Heliangelus strophianus*)  
Tourmaline Sunangel (*Heliangelus exortis*) - Pap, SYL  
**Glowing Puffleg** (*Eriocnemis vestilus*) - Pap (a rarity at the feeders).  
Purple-bibbed Whitetip (*Urosticte benjamini*)  
**Booted Racket-tail** (*Ocreatus underwoodii*) - (about as cute as they come).

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- Black-tailed Trainbearer (*Lesbia victoriae*) - Pap  
Tyrian Metaltail (*Metallura tyrianthina*) - Pap  
Viridian Metaltail (*Metallura williami*) - Pap  
Blue-mantled Thornbill (*Chalcostigma stanleyi*) - Pap  
**Mountain Avocetbill** (*Opisthoprora euryptera*)  
Long-tailed Sylph (*Agelaiocercus kingi*) - Pap, SYL  
**Violet-tailed Sylph** (*Agelaiocercus coelestis*) - NW (stunning endemic of the NW).  
Purple-throated Woodstar (*Calliphlox mitchellii*) - NW  
White-bellied Woodstar (*Chaetocercus mulsant*) - NW, Pap  
Gorgeted Woodstar (*Chaetocercus heliodor*) - Pap  
**Masked Trogon** (*Trogon personatus*) - SYL (bold and beautiful pair seen regularly near the cabins).  
**Crested Quetzal** (*Pharomachrus antisianus*) - Pap, SYL (stunning closeup).  
Golden-headed Quetzal (*Pharomachrus auriceps*) - SYL  
**Highland Motmot** (*Momotus aequatorialis*) – SYL (“at the lights”).  
**Coppery-chested Jacamar** (*Galbula pastazae*) – ES (a special foothill endemic).  
Red-headed Barbet (*Eubucco bourcierii*) - ES  
**Toucan Barbet** (*Semnornis ramphastinus*) - NW (a specialty of the northwest slope).  
Andean Toucanet (*Aulacorhynchus albivitta*) - SYL (recently split from the Emerald Toucanet complex).  
Crimson-rumped Toucanet (*Aulacorhynchus haematopygus*) - NW  
**Plate-billed Mountain-Toucan** (*Andigena laminirostris*) – NW (wow!)  
Yellow-tufted Woodpecker (*Melanerpes cruentatus*) - ES  
Yellow-vented Woodpecker (*Veniliornis dignus*) - SYL  
Smoky-brown Woodpecker (*Veniliornis fumigatus*) - SYL, ES  
Golden-olive Woodpecker (*Piculus rubiginosus*) - ES  
Crimson-mantled Woodpecker (*Piculus rivolii*) - SYL  
Bar-winged Cinclodes (*Cinclodes fuscus*) - Pap  
Stout-billed Cinclodes (*Cinclodes excelsior*) - Pap  
Andean Tit-Spinetail (*Leptasthenura andicola*) - Pap  
Azara's Spinetail (*Synallaxis azarae*) - Pap, SYL, ES (hd)  
Dark-breasted Spinetail (*Synallaxis albigularis*) - ES  
Ash-browed Spinetail (*Cranioleuca curtata*) - ES (heard only)  
White-chinned Thistletail (*Schizoeaca fuliginosa*) - Pap  
Many-striped Canastero (*Asthenes flammulata*) - Pap  
Pearled Treerunner (*Margarornis squamiger*) - Pap, SYL  
Montane Foliage-gleaner (*Anabacerthia striaticollis*) - ES  
Streaked Tuftedcheek (*Pseudocolaptes boissonneautii*) - NW  
Olive-backed Woodcreeper (*Xiphorhynchus triangularis*) - SYL, ES  
Montane Woodcreeper (*Lepidocolaptes lacrymiger*) - SYL

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- Uniform Antshrike (*Thamnophilus unicolor*) - NW  
Long-tailed Antbird (*Drymophila caudata*) - SYL  
**Giant Antpitta** (*Grallaria gignatea*) – NW (“Maria”).  
Chestnut-crowned Antpitta (*Grallaria ruficapilla*) - SYL  
Yellow-breasted Antpitta (*Grallaria flavotincta*) - NW  
White-bellied Antpitta (*Grallaria hypoleuca*) - SYL (heard only)  
Rufous Antpitta (*Grallaria rufula*) - Pap (heard only)  
Tawny Antpitta (*Grallaria quitensis*) –  
**Ochre-breasted Antpitta** (*Grallaricula flavirostris*) – NW (“Shakira”)  
Slate-breasted Antpitta (*Grallaricula nana*) – SYL (seen by a lucky few).  
Blackish Tapaculo (*Scytalopus latrans*) -Pap (hd), SYL (hd) (heard only; split from Unicolored Tapaculo).  
Long-tailed (Equatorial Rufous-vented) Tapaculo (*Scytalopus micropterus*) - SYL (heard only).  
White-crowned Tapaculo (*Scytalopus atratus*) - ES (heard only)  
Red-crested Cotinga (*Ampelion rubrocristata*) - Pap  
**Scaled Fruiteater** (*Ampelioides tschudii*) - NW (a strange-looking cotinga).  
Olivaceous Piha (*Snowornis cryptolophus*) - NW (Alice’s bird at Angel Paz Reserve).  
Dusky Piha (*Lipaugus fuscocinereous*) - SYL  
**Amazonian Umbrellabird** (*Cephalopterus ornatus*) – ES (sitting up fully in the open on an exposed canopy tree for 15 minutes!).  
Andean Cock-of-the-Rock (*Rupicola peruviana*) -ES  
Southern Beardless-Tyrannulet (*Camptostoma obsoletum*) - Q (heard only)  
White-crested Elaenia (*Elaenia albiceps*) - Pap, SYL  
Sierran Elaenia (*Elaenia pallatangae*) - SYL  
Torrent Tyrannulet (*Serpophaga cinerea*) - ES, SYL  
Olive-striped Flycatcher (*Mionectes olivaceus*) - ES  
Rufous-breasted Flycatcher (*Leptopogon rufipectus*) - SYL, ES  
Slaty-capped Flycatcher (*Leptopogon superciliaris*) - ES  
Ecuadorian Tyrannulet (*Phylloscartes gualaquizae*) - ES  
Ashy-headed Tyrannulet (*Phyllomyias cinereiceps*) - ES  
Golden-faced Tyrannulet (*Zimmerius chrysops*) - SYL, ES  
White-throated Tyrannulet *Mecocerculus leucophrys*) - Pap  
White-tailed Tyrannulet (*Mecocerculus poecilocercus*) - SYL  
Sulphur-bellied Tyrannulet (*Mecocerculus minor*) - SYL  
White-banded Tyrannulet (*Mecocerculus stictopterus*) - Pap  
**Agile Tit-Tyrant** (*Anairetes agilis*) - Pap (this uncommon species kept jumping out to be seen, in the temperate shrub zone).  
Tufted Tit-Tyrant (*Anairetes parulus*) - Pap  
Rufous-crowned Tody-Tyrant (*Poecilatriccus ruficeps*) - SYL  
Common Tody-Flycatcher (*Todirostrum cinereum*) - ES  
Ornate Flycatcher (*Myiotriccus ornatus*) - ES

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- Flavescent Flycatcher (*Myiophobus flavicans*) - SYL  
Olive-chested Flycatcher (*Myiophobus cryptoxanthus*) - ES  
Cinnamon Flycatcher (*Pyrrhomyias cinnamomea*) - SYL, ES  
Olive-sided Flycatcher (*Contopus cooperi*) - ES, SYL  
Smoke-colored Pewee (*Contopus fumigatus*) - NW, SYL, ES  
Eastern Wood-Pewee (*Contopus virens*) - ES  
Black Phoebe (*Sayornis nigricans*) - NW, SYL, ES  
Vermilion Flycatcher (*Pyrocephalus rubinus*) - Pap  
Brown-backed Chat-Tyrant (*Ochthoeca fumicolor*) - Pap  
Streak-throated Bush-Tyrant (*Myiotheretes striaticollis*) - Pap  
Smoky Bush-Tyrant (*Myiotheretes fumigatus*) - SYL  
Plain-capped Ground-Tyrant (*Muscisaxicola alpina*)  
    “Paramo” Ground-Tyrant (*Muscisaxicola (a.) alpina*) - Pap (split in the field guide by Ridgely et al).  
Pale-edged Flycatcher (*Myiarchus cephalotes*) - SYL  
Social Flycatcher (*Myiozetetes similis*) - ES  
Golden-crowned Flycatcher (*Myiodynastes chrysocephalus*) - SYL  
Tropical Kingbird (*Tyrannus melancholicus*) - NW, ES, SYL  
Masked Tityra (*Tityra semifasciata*) - ES  
Blue-and-white Swallow (*Pygochelidon cyanoleuca*) - NW, Pap, ES, SYL  
Brown-bellied Swallow (*Notiochelidon murina*) - Pap  
Pale-footed Swallow (*Notiochelidon flavipes*) - SYL  
Barn Swallow (*Hirundo rustica*) - ES  
White-capped Dipper (*Cinclus leucocephalus*) - SYL  
House Wren (*Troglodytes aedon*) - NW (hd), Pap (hd), ES  
Mountain Wren (*Troglodytes solstitialis*) - NW, Pap, SYL  
Sedge Wren (*Cistothorus platensis*) - Pap (heard only)  
White-breasted Wood-Wren (*Henicorhina leucosticta*) - ES (heard only)  
Gray-breasted Wood-Wren (*Henicorhina leucophrys*) - NW (heard), SYL  
Andean Solitaire (*Myadestes ralloides*) - SYL  
Swainson’s Thrush (*Catharus ustulatus*) - NW, SYL, ES  
Pale-eyed Thrush (*Platycichla leucops*) - SYL  
Great Thrush (*Turdus fuscater*) - NW, Q, Pap, SYL  
Glossy-black Thrush (*Turdus serranus*) - SYL  
**Chestnut-bellied Thrush** (*Turdus fulviventris*) – ES (a species not often seen).  
Black-billed Thrush (*Turdus ignobilis*) - ES  
Ecuadorian Thrush (*Turdus maculirostris*) - NW  
Green Jay (*Cyanocorax yncas*)  
    “Inca” Jay (*Cyanocorax (y.) yncas*) - Pap, SYL, ES (split by Ridgely et al).  
**Turquoise Jay** (*Cyanolyca turcosa*) - NW, Pap, SYL (beautiful).  
Brown-capped Vireo (*Vireo leucophrys*) - NW, SYL, ES



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- Black-billed Peppershrike** (*Cyclarhis nigrirostris*) - SYL (close looks).  
 Thick-billed Euphonia (*Euphonia laniirostris*) - ES  
 Golden-rumped Euphonia (*Euphonia cyanocephala*) - Q, SYL  
 Orange-bellied Euphonia (*Euphonia xanthogaster*) - NW, SYL, ES  
**Chestnut-breasted Chlorophonia** (*Chlorophonia pyrrhophrys*) - SYL  
 (always a good find, in mistletoe up high in the canopy of an emergent tree).  
 Hooded Siskin (*Carduelis magellanica*) - Pap  
 Olivaceous Siskin (*Carduelis olivacea*) - ES  
 Tropical Parula (*Parula pitiayumi*) - SYL, ES  
 Blackburnian Warbler (*Dendroica fusca*) - NW, Pap, SYL, ES  
 Cerulean Warbler (*Dendroica cerulea*) - ES  
 Black-and-white Warbler (*Mniotilta varia*) - ES  
 Canada Warbler (*Wilsonia canadensis*) - SYL, ES  
 Slate-throated Redstart (*Myioborus miniatus*) - NW, SYL, ES  
 Spectacled Whitestart (*Myioborus melanocephalus*) - Pap, SYL  
 Black-crested Warbler (*Basileuterus nigrocristatus*) - SYL  
 Russet-crowned Warbler (*Basileuterus coronatus*) - Pap, SYL  
 Three-striped Warbler (*Basileuterus tristriatus*) - NW  
 Bananaquit (*Coereba flaveola*) - ES  
 Cinereous Conebill (*Conirostrum cinereum*) - Pap  
**Blue-backed Conebill** (*Conirostrum sitticolor*) - Pap (cute and colorful,  
 feeding like chickadees).  
 Capped Conebill (*Conirostrum albifrons*) - NW  
 Magpie Tanager (*Cissopis leveriana*) - ES  
**White-capped Tanager** (*Sericossypha albocristata*) – SYL (noisy yet  
 elusive).  
 Common Bush-Tanager (*Chlorospingus ophthalmicus*) - SYL  
 Dusky Bush-Tanager (*Chlorospingus semifuscus*) - NW  
 Yellow-throated Bush-Tanager (*Chlorospingus flavigularis*) - ES  
 Black-capped Hemispingus (*Hemispingus atropileus*) - Pap  
 Superciliaried Hemispingus (*Hemispingus superciliaris*) - Pap  
 Black-eared Hemispingus (*Hemispingus melanotis*) - Pap, ES  
 White-lined Tanager (*Tachyphonus rufus*) - ES  
 Scarlet Tanager (*Piranga olivacea*) - ES  
 Summer Tanager (*Piranga rubra*) - Pap, SYL, ES  
**Vermilion Tanager** (*Calochaetes coccineus*) – ES (stunning in color, close at  
 hand).  
 Silver-beaked Tanager (*Ramphocelus carbo*) - ES  
 Blue-gray Tanager (*Thraupis episcopus*) - SYL, ES  
 Blue-capped Tanager (*Thraupis cyanocephala*) - NW  
 Blue-and-yellow Tanager (*Thraupis bonariensis*) - Pap  
 Palm Tanager (*Thraupis palmarum*) - ES

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**Hooded Mountain-Tanager** (*Buthraupis montana*) - SYL (close studies as they trooped through the canopy of the moss forest on the ridge in the rain).

Scarlet-bellied Mountain-Tanager (*Anisognathus igniventris*) - Pap

Blue-winged Mountain-Tanager (*Anisognathus somptuosus*) - NW, SYL, ES

Fawn-breasted Tanager (*Pipraeidea melanonota*) - SYL, ES

Orange-eared Tanager (*Chlorochrysa calliparaea*) - ES

Paradise Tanager (*Tangara chilensis*) - ES

Golden Tanager (*Tangara arthus*) - NW, ES

Golden-eared Tanager (*Tangara chrysotis*) - ES

Saffron-crowned Tanager (*Tangara xanthocephala*) - SYL, ES

Flame-faced Tanager (*Tangara parzudakii*) - SYL, ES

Spotted Tanager (*Tangara punctata*) - ES

Scrub Tanager (*Tangara vitriolina*) - Q

Golden-naped Tanager (*Tangara ruficervix*) - ES

Blue-necked Tanager (*Tangara cyanicollis*) - ES

Beryl-spangled Tanager (*Tangara nigroviridis*) - NW, SYL, ES

Blue-and-black Tanager (*Tangara vassorii*) - Pap

Black-capped Tanager (*Tangara heinei*) - SYL, ES

**Golden-collared Honeycreeper** (*Iridophanes pulcherrima*) – ES (especially good looks at this wanderer).

Black-faced Dacnis (*Dacnis lineata*) - ES

Purple Honeycreeper (*Cyanerpes caeruleus*) - ES

Black-backed Bush-Tanager (*Urothraupis stolzmanni*) - Pap

Plumbeous Sierra-Finch (*Phrygilus unicolor*) - Pap

Chestnut-bellied Seedeater (*Sporophila castaneiventris*) - ES

Band-tailed Seedeater (*Catamenia analis*) - Pap

Plain-colored Seedeater (*Catamenia inornata*) - Pap

Yellow-faced Grassquit (*Tiaris olivacea*) - NW

Rusty Flowerpiercer (*Diglossa sittoides*) - Pap

White-sided Flowerpiercer (*Diglossa albilatera*) - NW, SYL

Glossy Flowerpiercer (*Diglossa lafresnayii*) - Pap

Black Flowerpiercer (*Diglossa humeralis*) - Pap

Deep-blue (Golden-eyed) Flowerpiercer (*Diglossa glauca*) - ES

Bluish Flowerpiercer (*Diglossopsis caeruleascens*) - SYL

Masked Flowerpiercer (*Diglossopsis cyanea*) - Pap, SYL

**Pale-naped Brush-Finch** (*Atlapetes pallidinucha*) - Pap (long look at this secretive specialty of the upper-temperate shrub zone).

Yellow-breasted (Rufous-naped) Brush-Finch (*Atlapetes latinuchus*)

“Rufous-naped” Brush-Finch (*Atlapetes (l.) rufinucha*) - Pap,

SYL

Slaty Brush-Finch (*Atlapetes schistaceus*) - Pap

Yellow-browed Sparrow (*Ammodramus aurifrons*) - ES

Rufous-collared Sparrow (*Zonotrichia capensis*) - NW, Q, Pap, SYL, ES

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- Golden-bellied (Southern Yellow) Grosbeak (*Pheucticus chrysogaster*) - Pap
- Scarlet-rumped Cacique (*Cacicus uropygialis*)
  - “Subtropical” Cacique (*Cacicus (u.) uropygialis*) - SYL (split by Ridgely et al in the field guide).
  - Mountain Cacique (*Cacicus chrysonotus*)
  - “**Northern Mountain-Cacique**” (*Cacicus (c.) leucoramphus*) - SYL (split by Ridgely et al in the field guide; especially good studies this trip).
  - Russet-backed Oropendola (*Psarocolius angustifrons*) - SYL, ES

**Mammal List:**

- Brazilian Rabbit (Tropical Cottontail) (*Sylvilagus brasiliensis*) - Pap
- “red-tailed” squirrel (*Sciurus sp?*) - SYL
- Black Agouti
- Kinkajou
- Long-tailed Weasel